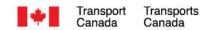
**Canadian Marine Shipping Risk Forum – 24 Oct 2022** 

Enhanced Maritime Situational Awareness (EMSA)

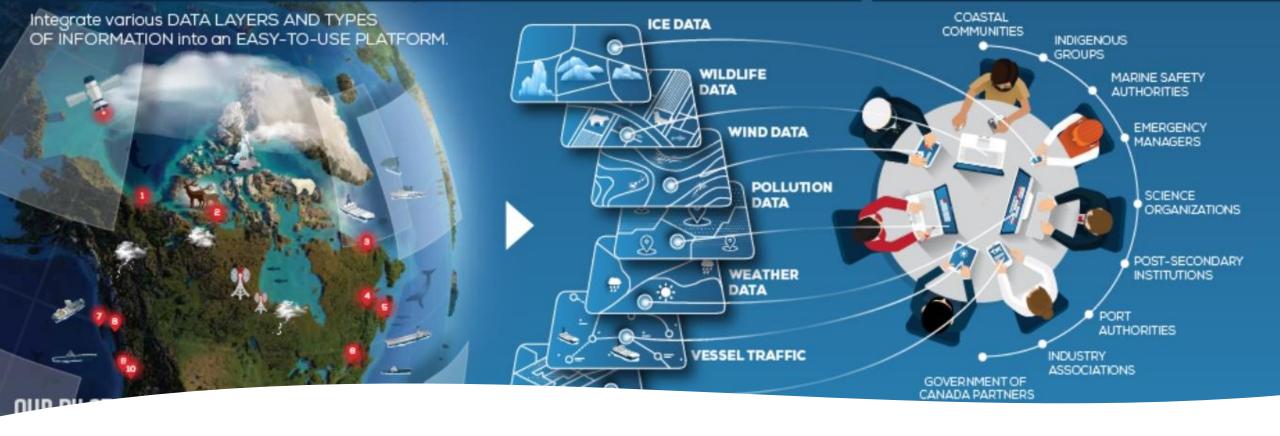
The EMSA partnership and use of AIS

Kelly Larkin, Transport Canada Regional Program Manager (Pacific) Olivia Hall, Program Advisor (Pacific)





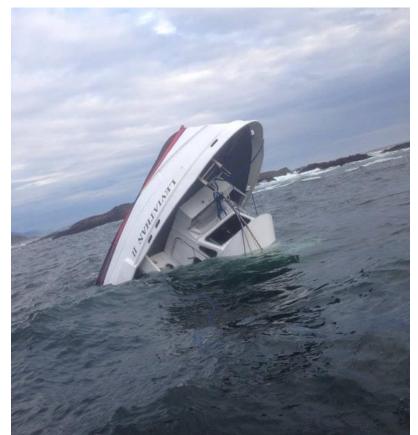
CLASSIFIED / NON CLASSIFIÉ



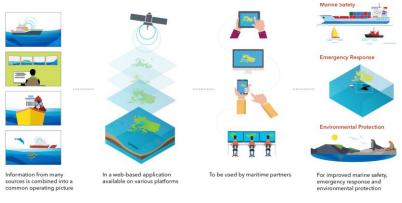
## Today's Passage Plan

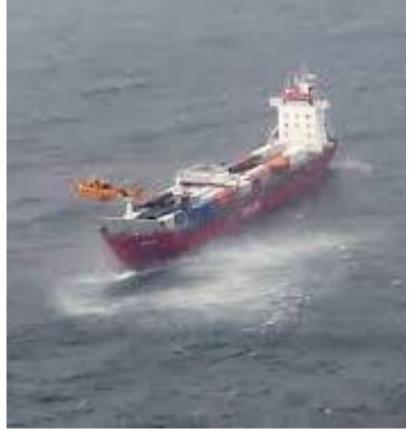
- EMSA background
- Partnership with Indigenous Peoples
- How AIS is employed in EMSA
- Demo of key functions that employ AIS

#### UNCLASSIFIED / NON CLASSIFIÉ











**Enhanced Maritime Situational Awareness (EMSA) and the Collaborative Situational Awareness Portal (CSAP)** 



## **Enhanced Maritime Situational Awareness (EMSA)**

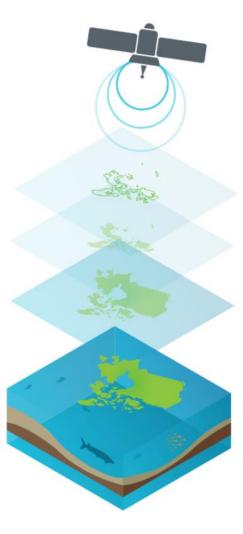




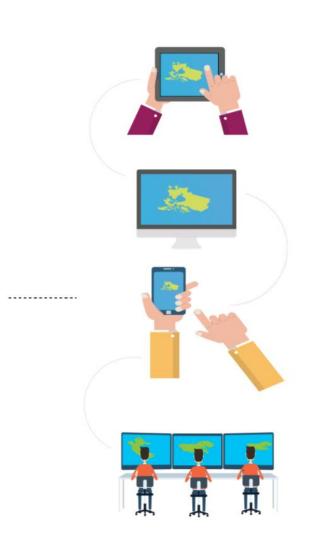




Information from many sources is combined into a common operating picture



In a web-based application available on various platforms



To be used by maritime partners



**Emergency Response** 



**Environmental Protection** 



For improved marine safety, emergency response and environmental protection

# **Key factors: Partnership**

- Visits to home communities meet people, appreciate their challenges and requirements
- All key decisions made together
  - Pilot host selection, including approval of the selection process itself
  - Contractor selection Fujitsu Consulting (Canada) Inc.
  - TC Staff support and co-facilitate
- Transparency and openness discuss challenges and difficult topics
- Work through pain and anger from Canada's colonial past - need to grieve



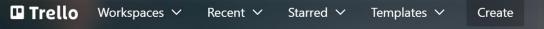


# **Key Factors: Design**

- System design and security
  - Most data open-source, but all users have secure spaces for data
  - OCAP principles a fundamental requirement of EMSA
- Constantly evolving "agile" project, driven by operational requirements of local and regional communities
- Expanding to provide platform for collaboration
  - Shared governance in areas of common interest
  - Common Operating Picture (COP) for marine safety and environmental monitoring and protection
  - Support to other OPP projects (PVM, Places of Refuge)
  - Adopted by CCG for work with Indigenous and coastal community partners





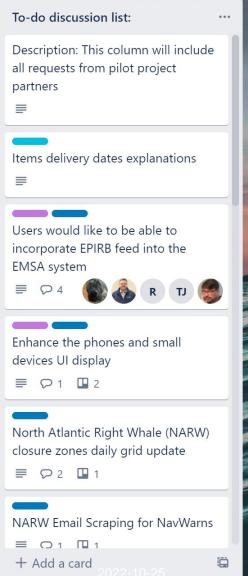


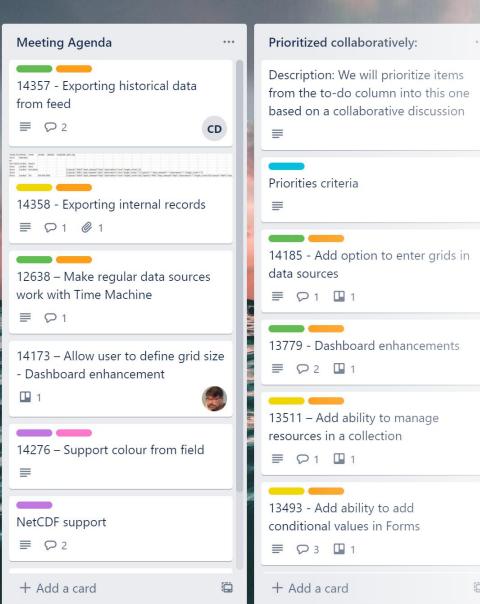
Board V EMSA-CASM System Working Group Board

公

Zak's Workspace

♣ Workspace visible





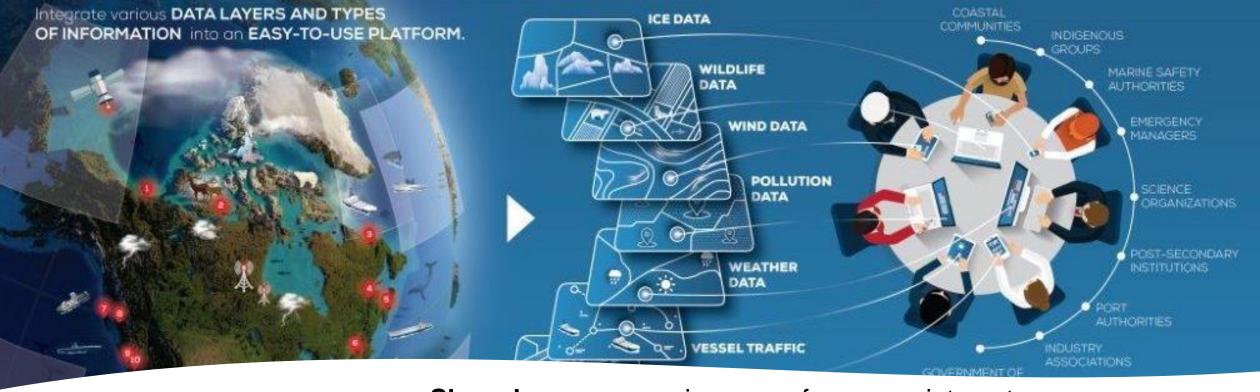
## Agile design and Description: Working Groups items that are planned or the planned of the planned 13755 - C"Agile" means adaptable by design "Delete" butto s Maintains relevance to emerging requirements Emphasis on local requirements, while supporting collaboration with other partners and colleagues © Feb 25 ■• □ Indigenous, federal and provincial/territorial/local governments, Ports, Pilots, marine science/academia, marine industry) Working groups (with some humour mixed-in!)

Weekly system update working group

Future recommendations

+ Add a card

(Governance) working group



# Expanding as platform for collaboration

- Shared governance in areas of common interest
- Common Operating Picture for marine safety and environmental monitoring and protection
  - Support to marine response exercises
  - Support to marine occurrence notification TBC
- Support to other OPP projects
  - PVM, Places of Refuge
- Adopted by CCG for work with Indigenous and coastal community partners

## **EMSA** and AIS

- Marine shipping data is a fused presentation of:
  - Canadian Coast Guard (CCG) terrestrial AIS data
    - ExactEarth satellite AIS data
- Purpose: to provide the most comprehensive picture of vessel traffic information to Indigenous and coastal communities for:
  - Marine safety (own mariners and other marine shipping), environmental monitoring and protection, and
  - Provide a common operating picture (COP) for use in collaborative management of marine incidents and occurrences (SAR, spill response, Places of Refuge management, etc).
- Canadian Coast Guard has adopted EMSA for use with Indigenous and coastal communities.



# IMO Position on AIS data dissemination



### **Maritime security - AIS ship data**

At its seventy-ninth session, in December 2004, the Maritime Safety Committee (MSC) agreed that, in relation to the issue of freely available automatic information system (AIS)-generated ship data on the world-wide web, the publication on the world-wide web or elsewhere of AIS data transmitted by ships could be detrimental to the safety and security of ships and port facilities and was undermining the efforts of the Organization and its Member States to enhance the safety of navigation and security in the international maritime transport sector.

The Committee condemned the regrettable publication on the world-wide web, or elsewhere, of AIS data transmitted by ships and urged Member Governments, subject to the provisions of their national laws, to discourage those who make available AIS data to others for publication on the world-wide web, or elsewhere from doing so.

In addition, the Committee condemned those who irresponsibly publish AIS data transmitted by ships on the world-wide web, or elsewhere, particularly if they offer services to the shipping and port industries.

Reference: https://www.imo.org/en/OurWork/Safety/Pages/AIS.aspx

# 2022-10-25

## The Future of EMSA

- Collaborative governance of project and system
  - Core: 13 Indigenous partners plus TC/CCG
- Steady-state with other opportunities for funding
- Continuous evolution of technology
  - Expanded data sources (public and local) with enhanced, relevant and accessible functionality
  - Artificial intelligence advanced processing of repetitive functions
- Strengthened relationships with partners and other colleagues
- New opportunities for shared governance of marine activities